

Lecture 13. Encodings of Lists, Structs, Variants

Records

6. Tuples

PAIR : $\lambda x. \lambda y. \lambda f. f x y$

PAIR 1 2 // (1, 2)

$(\lambda x. \lambda y. \lambda f. f x y) 1 2$

$\rightarrow_{\beta} (\lambda y. \lambda f. f 1 y) 2$

$\rightarrow_{\beta} (\lambda f. f 1 2)$

Lists, Structs, Variants

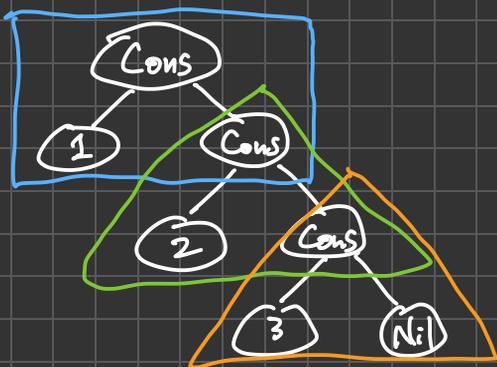
[1 : 2 : 3]

type 'a list = Cons of 'a * 'a list
| Nil

(Expr) $e ::= \dots$ (Fb syntax) $\dots \mid (e_1, e_2)$
 $\mid \text{Left } e \mid \text{Right } e \mid l$

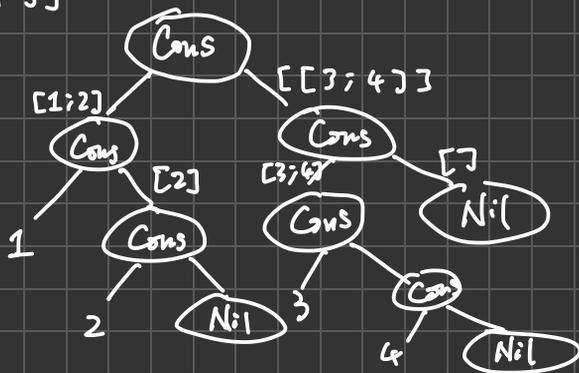
(Label) $l ::= 'string \quad // 'Cons, 'Nil, 'p1, 'p2$

[1 ; 2 ; 3]



('Cons, (1,
('Cons, (2,
('Cons, (3,
Nil
))
))
))

[[1 ; 2] ; [3 ; 4]]



[1;2] = ('Cons, (1, ('Cons, (2, Nil))))

[3;4] = ('Cons, (3, ('Cons, (4, Nil))))

('Cons, (
('Cons, (1, ('Cons, (2, Nil)))),
(Cons,
('Cons, (3, (Cons, (4, Nil)))),
Nil
)
)

Let prepend = fun x ^{← to-be-prepended} → fun list ^{← list} →
('Cons, (x, list))

In
...

Let append = fun x →

Let Rec append_helper list =

if list = 'Nil

then ('Cons, (x, Nil))

else // assume list = ('Cons, (hd, tl))

Let hd = Left (Right list) In

Let tl = Right (Right list) In

$(\text{Cons}, (\text{hd}, (\text{append-helper } \text{tl})))$

Variant Syntax

$e ::= \dots \text{Fb}_{\text{syntax}} \dots$

| $l e$ // $\text{Cons}(\text{hd}, \text{tl})$
| l // $\text{Int } 1$ ← $l e$
// $\text{Some } 3$ ← $l e$
// None ← l

(Label)

$l \Rightarrow l$

$e \Rightarrow v$

(Variant)

$l e \Rightarrow l v$

$v ::= i \mid b \mid \text{Fun } x \Rightarrow e \mid (v, v)$

| l | $l v$

Match e With

| 'Label1 payload1 → e₁

| 'Label2 pl2 → e₂

| 'Label3 pl3 → e₃

FbV

e ::= ... Fb syntax ... | (e₁, e₂) | 'l | 'l e |
| Match e With m

m ::= "l" l p "→" e // Last branch
| "l" l p "→" e m
Label1 payload1 e₁

p ::= x | ~~(p, p)~~ | ~~l p~~

e.g. Match 'Cons(1, 'Cons(2, 'Nil)) With
| 'Cons(first, 'Cons(second, 'Nil)) →

$e \Rightarrow l_i v_i \quad e_i[x_i / v_i] \Rightarrow v_i'$

Match e With ... | $l_i x_i \rightarrow e_i \Rightarrow v_i'$
 \triangle

Structs / Record

FbR

C/C++

$\{ \text{field1} = \text{value1}, \text{field2} = \text{value2} \}$

JavaScript

$\{ \text{field1}: \text{value1}, \text{field2}: \text{value2} \}$

Python

$\{ \text{key}: \text{value} \}$

FbR $l ::= \text{string}$

$e ::= \{ l_1 = e_1; \dots; l_n = e_n \} | \dots$

$\{ \text{len} = 2; \text{content} = [1; 2] \}$

$| \text{e.l}$

$v ::= \{ l_1 = v_1; \dots; l_n = v_n \} | \dots$

JS: object.length

PY: str.upper()

Construct
[Structs]

$$\bigwedge_{i \in [1, n]} e_i \Rightarrow v_i$$

$$\{l_1 = e_1; \dots; l_n = e_n\} \Rightarrow \{l_1 = v_1; \dots; l_n = v_n\}$$

[Projection]

$$e \Rightarrow \{l_1 = v_1; \dots; l_n = v_n\}$$

$$\underline{\underline{e.l_i \Rightarrow v_i}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\Delta}} \text{ ('struct', [(l_1, e_1); (l_2, e_2); \dots])}$$

"discriminator"

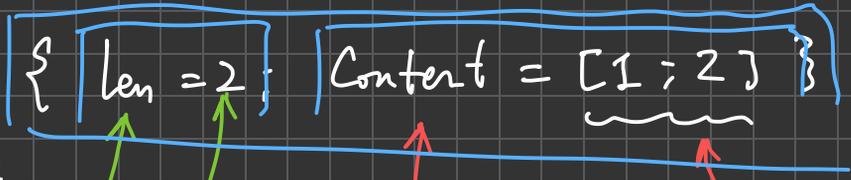
CPython

↳ Py Object

↳ Py Array

↳ PyTuple

↳ Py Int



```

('struct,
  ('cons, (
    ('len, 2),
    ('cons, (
      ('content, ('cons, (1, ('cons, (2, 'Nil))))
      Nil
    ))
  ))
)

```

```

PAIR ≡ λx. λy. λf. f x y

```

The expression $\lambda f. f x y$ is boxed in red. An arrow labeled 'Free' points to the variable f .

```

PAIR 1 2 ≡ λf. f 1 2

```

The arguments '1' and '2' are marked with small triangles below them.

Closure

$\lambda f. f x y$

Context

$x = 1$
 Δ
 $y = 2$
 Δ